FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended December 31, 2022

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For the year ended December 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: The Members of

Westend Regional Sewage Services Commission

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Westend Regional Sewage Services Commission which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the statements of operations, change in net financial (debt) assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Commission as at December 31, 2022, its results of operations, change in net financial (debt) assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Commission in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Commission or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Commission's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT, continued

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Lethbridge, Alberta

March 22, 2023

Chartered Professional Accountants

Svail LLP

WESTEND REGIONAL SEWAGE SERVICES COMMISSION STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at December 31, 2022

	2022	2021
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 3)	\$ _	\$ 5,413,174
Trade and other receivables (note 4)	952,571	247,162
	952,571	5,660,336
Liabilities		
Bank indebtedness	561,091	-
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 6)	272,527	179,390
Deferred revenue (note 7)		3,588,571
Long-term debt (note 8)	178,196	227,023
	1,011,814	3,994,984
Net financial (debt) assets	(59,243)	1,665,352
Non-financial assets		
Tangible capital assets (schedule 1)	15,385,347	7,487,433
Accumulated surplus (note 9, schedule 2)	\$ 15,326,104	\$ 9,152,785

Commitments and contingencies

Approved on behalf of the board:

Member _ Reserved _ Member _ Chilledey

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS For the year ended December 31, 2022

	Budget 2022 (unaudited)		2021	
Revenue				
Service fees charged to commission members Other service fees and sales of goods Investment income Rental income	\$	926,001 49,701 13,500	\$ 926,000 49,701 29,358 3,121	\$ 891,234 47,871 26,023 6,517
		989,202	1,008,180	971,645
Expenses				
Contracted and general services Materials, goods and utilities Bank charges and short-term interest		404,978 291,950 -	298,275 236,335 5,843	219,215 238,765 -
Interest on long-term debt Amortization of tangible capital assets		3,997 120,118	3,997 119,679	6,894 120,185
		821,043	664,129	585,059
Excess of revenue over expenses before other		168,159	344,051	386,586
Other Government transfers for capital Commission member capital contributions		10,122,411 -	5,829,268 -	1,368,736 382,313
		10,122,411	5,829,268	1,751,049
Excess of revenue over expenses		10,290,570	6,173,319	2,137,635
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year		9,152,785	9,152,785	7,015,150
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$	19,443,355	\$ 15,326,104	\$ 9,152,785

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET FINANCIAL (DEBT) ASSETS
For the year ended December 31, 2022

	Budget (unaudited)	2022	2021
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 10,290,570 \$	6,173,319 \$	2,137,635
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets	(13,872,145) 120,118	(8,017,593) 119,679	(1,866,544) 120,185
	(13,752,027)	(7,897,914)	(1,746,359)
Change in net financial assets Net financial assets, beginning of year	(3,461,457) 1,665,352	(1,724,595) 1,665,352	391,276 1,274,076
Net financial assets (debt), end of year	\$ (1,796,105) \$	(59,243) \$	1,665,352

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the year ended December 31, 2022

	2022	2021
Operating transactions		
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 6,173,319	\$ 2,137,635
Adjustments for items which do not affect cash		
Amortization of tangible capital assets	119,679	120,185
	6,292,998	2,257,820
Net change in non-cash working capital items	0,292,990	2,237,020
Trade and other receivables	(705,408)	(171,235)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	93,137	133,349
Deferred revenue	(3,588,571)	3,588,571
Temporary bank indebtedness	561,091	
Cash provided by operating transactions	2,653,247	5,808,505
Capital transactions		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(8,017,593)	(1,866,544)
Financing transactions		
Repayment of long-term debt	(48,828)	(82,472)
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(5,413,174)	3,859,489
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	5,413,174	1,553,685
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ -	\$ 5,413,174

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2022

1. Nature of operations

Westend Regional Sewage Services Commission is constituted under the Municipal Government Act and was approved by the Minister of Municipal Affairs on February 7, 1994 for the purpose of purpose of constructing, maintaining, controlling and managing the regional sewage treatment facility.

The members of the Commission are the Town of Turner Valley and the Town of Black Diamond.

The Commission is exempt from income taxation under Section 149 of the Canada Income Tax Act.

2. Significant accounting policies

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and reflect the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and change in the financial position of the Commission. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Commission are as follows:

(a) Budget amounts

The budget amounts presented on the statement of operations are taken from the Commission's annual budget. Certain budget amounts have been reclassified to conform with the current year's financial statement presentation.

(b) Revenue recognition

Service fees and sales of goods are recognized as revenue in the period in which the service is delivered or in which the transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenue.

Restricted investment income is recognized in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted investment income is recognized as revenue when earned.

Government transfers are recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed, or the tangible capital assets acquired.

(c) Long-term debt

Long-term debt is initially recognized net of any premiums, discounts, fees and transaction costs, with interest expense recognized using the effective interest method, Long-term debt is subsequently measured at amortized cost.

(d) Investments

Investments are recorded at amortized cost. When there has been a loss in value that is other than a temporary decline, the investment is written down to recognize the loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2022

2. Significant accounting policies, continued

(e) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expense during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(f) Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the Change in Net Financial Assets for the year.

(i) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

	Years
Land improvements	20-25
Engineered structures	25-75

One-half of the annual amortization is charged in the year of acquisition and in the year of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

3. Cash and cash equivalents

	20)22	2021
Cash GIC	\$ - -	\$	4,413,174 1,000,000
	\$ -	\$	5,413,174

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2022

4. Trade and other receivables

	2022	2021
GST	\$ 528,140 \$	104,965
Green Infrastructure Project - provincial and federal funding	424,431	-
Town of Turner Valley	-	136,656
Accrued interest	-	3,114
Trade	=	2,427
	\$ 952,571 \$	247,162

5. Bank Indebtedness

The commission has negotiated an operating revolving loan to a maximum of \$1,500,000 with ATB Financial. The facility bears interest at the bank prime rate plus 1.0% per annum. Security pledged on the facility consists of a general security agreement.

6. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

	2022	2021
Trade payables Holdbacks payable	\$ 240,887 31,640	\$ 92,908 86,482
	\$ 272,527	\$ 179,390

7. Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue represents funds received for the Green Infrastructure Project that have not been spent by year end, as follows:

	2022	2021
Deferred revenue (accounts receivable), beginning of year Received during the year - provincial and federal government	\$ 3,588,571 1,816,266	\$ (42,693) 5,000,000
Received during the year - commission members Funding receivable - provincial and federal government Recognized as revenue - provincial and federal government Recognized as revenue - commission member contributions	424,431 (5,829,268)	382,313 - (1,368,736) (382,313)
	\$ -	\$ 3,588,571

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2022

8.	Long-term debt			
			2022	2021
	Debentures payable	\$	178,196 \$	227,023

Principal and interest repayments are due as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2023 2024	\$ 49,740 50,670	\$ 3,085 2,155	\$ 52,825 52,825
2025	51,617	1,208	52,825
2026	26,169	243	26,412
	\$ 178,196	\$ 6,691	\$ 184,887

Debenture debt is repayable to Alberta Capital Finance Authority and bears interest at rates of 1.86% per annum.

Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of the Commission at large.

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/2000 for the Commission be disclosed as follows:

	2022	2021
Total debt limit Total debt	\$ 2,016,360 178,196	\$ 1,943,290 227,023
	\$ 1,838,164	\$ 1,716,267
Debt servicing limit Debt servicing	\$ 352,863 52,825	\$ 340,076 53,275
	\$ 300,038	\$ 286,801

The debt limit is calculated at 2 times revenue of the Commission (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/2000) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.35 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. The Commission has received approval to exceed the above debt and debt servicing limits and borrow up to \$8,000,000 for financing of facility upgrades.

These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify Commissions which could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the Commission. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2022

9. Accumulated surplus

Accumulated surplus consists of internally restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

	2022	2021	
Unrestricted surplus Internally restricted surplus (reserves) (note 10)	\$ - 118,953	\$	161,638 1,730,737
Equity in tangible capital assets (note 11)	15,207,151		7,260,410
	\$ 15,326,104	\$	9,152,785

10. Reserves

	2022	2021
Operating	\$ 118,953	\$ 183,807
Debenture debt	_	56,334
Facility upgrade	_	961,429
Capital	_	414,898
Sludge	-	114,269
	\$ 118,953	\$ 1,730,737

11. Equity in tangible capital assets

	2022		2021
Tangible capital assets (schedule 1) Accumulated amortization (schedule 1) Long-term debt (note 8)	\$ 17,142,778 (1,757,431) (178,196)	-	9,125,185 (1,637,752) (227,023)
	\$ 15,207,151	\$	7,260,410

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2022

12. Related party transactions

The Town of Turner Valley and the Town of Black Diamond are members of the Commission and, as such, have been identified as related parties.

Service fees are based on the budgeted net operating costs of the Commission and are allocated among the Commission members based on actual service utilization during the year. Service fees charged to Commission members are as follows:

	2022	2021
Town of Turner Valley Town of Black Diamond	\$ 494,181 481,520	\$ 457,839 481,266
	\$ 975,701	\$ 939,105

During the year the Commission purchased services from the Town of Turner Valley in the amount of \$130,361 (2021 - \$122,585) and from the Town of Black Diamond in the amount of \$123,106 (2021 - \$104,042).

Included in accounts payable is \$22,019 (2021 - \$30,930) due to the Town of Turner Valley and \$7,593 (2021 - \$8,099) due to the Town of Black Diamond

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and have been valued in these financial statements at the exchange amount which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

13. Commitments

The Commission is covered under the Town of Turner Valley's agreement with Enmax for fixed utility rates. The electricity agreement expires December 31, 2023.

The Commission has an agreement with MPE Engineering Ltd. to provide engineering services. This agreement has no end date and will run for the foreseeable future.

The Commission has a government Green Infrastructure Project grant agreement for the Lagoon Upgrade Project, which had an original estimated cost of \$17,340,000. Under this agreement, the Federal Investing in Canada Infrastructure Program will cover up to a maximum of \$6,936,000, and the Provincial Alberta Municipal Water/Wastewater Partnership will cover up to a maximum of \$5,779,422. The remainder will be funded by the Commission.

During the year, delays to the project occurred resulting in an estimated additional cost of \$2,706,619 which will be funded by the Commission. The total estimated cost of the project has been increased to \$20,046,619 and total costs of \$9,874,128 have been incurred up to December 31, 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2022

14. Budget amounts

The 2022 budget was approved by the Commission and has been reported in the financial statements for information purposes only. The budget amounts have not been audited, reviewed, or otherwise verified.

Budgeted	\$ 10,290,570	
Less:	Capital expenditures Long-term debt repayments	(13,872,145) (52,825)
Add:	Transfers to reserves Transfers from reserves Long-term debt issuance	(47,104) 961,429 2,720,075
Equals:	Balanced budget	\$ -

15. Subsequent event

Effective January 1, 2023, the Town of Turner Valley and Town of Black Diamond amalgamated to form the Town of Diamond Valley.

16. Approval of financial statements

These financial statements were approved by the Commission and Management.

SCHEDULES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2022

Schedule of tangible capital assets Schedule 1											
		Land	imp	Land provements		ngineered structures	Со	nstruction in progress		2022	2021
Cost: Balance, beginning of year Acquisitions	\$	295,711 -	\$	41,396 -	\$	6,764,925 68,230		2,023,153 7,949,363	\$	9,125,185 8,017,593	\$ 7,258,641 1,866,544
Balance, end of year		295,711		41,396		6,833,155		9,972,516		17,142,778	9,125,185
Accumulated amortiza Balance, beginning of	tion:										
year Annual amortization		-		34,137 968		1,603,615 118,711		-		1,637,752 119,679	1,517,566 120,186
Balance, end of year				35,105		1,722,326		_		1,757,431	1,637,752
Net book value	\$	295,711	\$	6,291	\$	5,110,829	\$	9,972,516	\$	15,385,347	\$ 7,487,433
2021 net book value	\$	295,711	\$	7,259	\$	5,161,310	\$	2,023,153	\$	7,487,433	

SCHEDULES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2022

Schedule of changes in accumulated surplus Schedule 2										
	Unrestricted		Internally restricted	Equity in tangible capital assets			2022	2021		
Balance, beginning of year	\$	161,638	\$	1,730,737	\$	7,260,410	\$	9,152,785 \$	7,015,150	
Excess of revenue over expenses Unrestricted funds		6,173,319		-		-		6,173,319	2,137,635	
designated for future use		(235,454)		235,454		-		-	-	
Restricted funds used for operations		30,000		(30,000)	l	-		-	-	
Restricted funds used for tangible capital assets		-		(1,817,238)	ı	1,817,238		-	-	
Current year funds used for tangible capital assets		(6,200,355)		-		6,200,355		-	-	
Annual amortization expense Long-term debt repaid		119,679 (48,827)		-		(119,679) 48,827		- -	-	
Change in accumulated surplus		(161,638)		(1,611,784)		7,946,741		6,173,319	2,137,635	
Balance, end of year	\$	-	\$	118,953	\$	15,207,151	\$	15,326,104 \$	9,152,785	